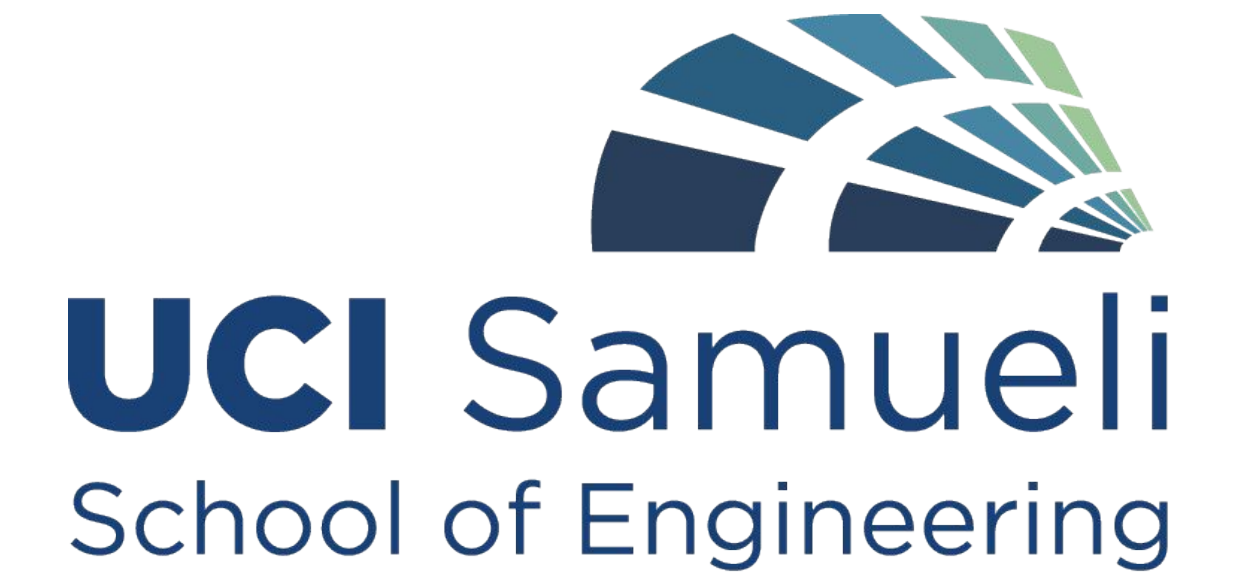


# Time To Wind Down

Team members : David Luong, Yushi Zhang, Christian Lensang, and Minsu Kim  
 Sponsored by Mahmoud Abdelgalil  
 MAE 189 : Small Scale Wind Turbine Academic Year : Winter 2023



## Overview

Design a small-scale prototype wind turbine that outputs a minimum power of 10 watts irrespective of the wind direction and be compatible with a common power bank.

## Challenges

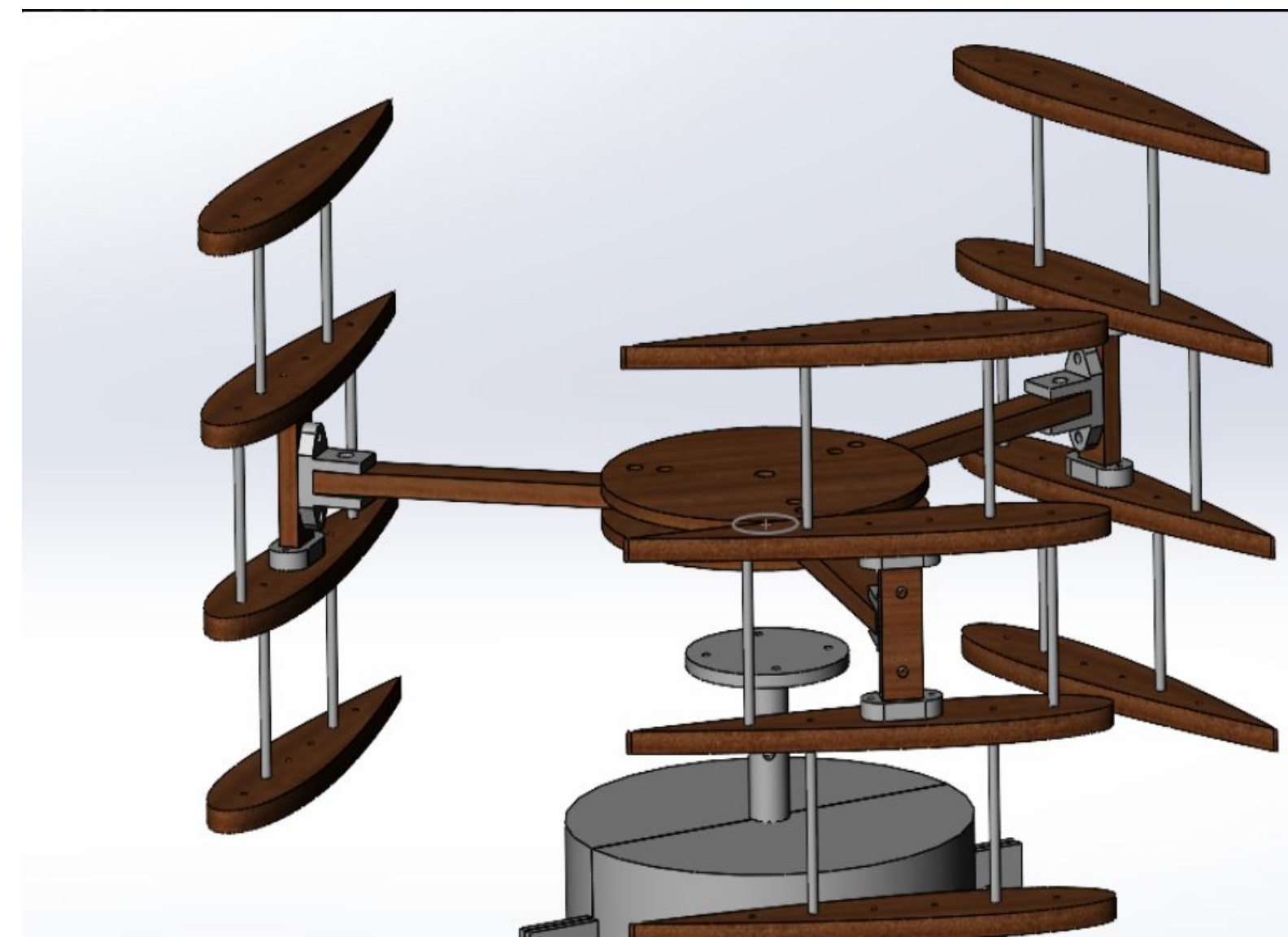
- Must withstand wind speeds up to 18 m/s
- Must generate more than 10W between 5m/s and 11m/s wind speed
- Must fit within 50cm<sup>3</sup> cube
- Must have a total weight <10 lbs
- Must have a total cost < \$300

## Existing solution



Company : BEVOGIE  
 Price : \$53.99  
 Size: 42\*22\*9cm  
 Weight : 1.54lbs  
 Rated Power : 30W

## Vertical-Axis Wind Turbine SolidWorks Design



### Final Design : Key Dimensions

Rotor radius(R) : 20cm  
 Chord length(c) : 24cm  
 Blade length(s) : 30cm  
 Angle of attack( $\alpha$ ) : 8 degree

### Final Design : Materials

Aluminum : Rod  
 ¼ inch Wood : Blades, Arm, Disk

## Analysis: Thin & Symmetric Airfoil [1]

$$L = c_L \pi a s c \rho_{\infty} V_{\infty}^2$$

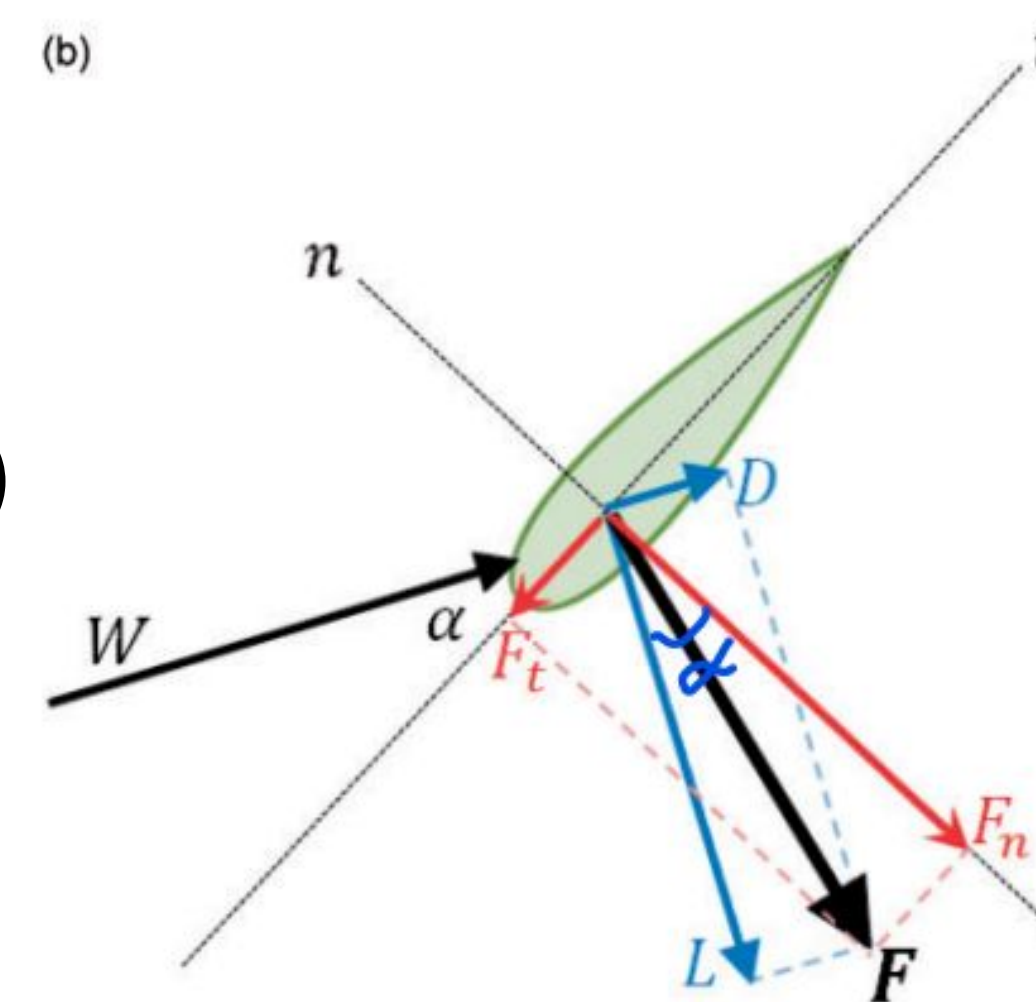
$L$  = Lift force(N)  
 $c_L$  = lift coefficient  
 $c$  = Chord length  
 $F_L = L \sin(\alpha)$   
 $F_L$  = Tangential lift (N)  
 $T = N F_L R$   
 $T$  = Torque (N\*m)  
 $P = T \omega$

$\omega$  = Angular velocity (rpm)  
 $P$  = Power (W)  
 $\rho_{\infty}$  = Density of air (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
 $V_{\infty}$  = Wind speed (m/s)

## Analysis : Wind Turbine Power [2]

$$P = \frac{1}{2} c_p \rho_{\infty} A V_{\infty}^3$$

$c_p$  = Overall power efficiency (%)  
 $A = 2 * s * c$   
 $A$  = Swept area (m<sup>2</sup>)  
 $c_T = c_p * c_M$   
 $c_T$  = Turbine efficiency (%)  
 $c_M$  = Motor efficiency (%)



## Performance

At  $V_{\infty} = 9$  m/s  
 $L = 87.3$  N  
 $T = 2.19$  N\*m  
 $\omega = 112$  rpm  
 $P = 12.9$  W

$P_W = 53.6$  W  
 $C_T = 26.6\%$   
 $C_M = 90\%$   
 $C_p = 23.9\%$

## Impact on Society

- Clean and renewable source of energy
- Promotes keeping the environment healthy
- Reduces dependence on fossil fuels
- Energy self-sufficient

## Team Contribution

Minsu Kim: Electrical Lead  
 David Luong: Electrical Team  
 Yushi Zhang: Mechanical Lead  
 Christian Lensang: Mechanical Team

## Future Recommendations

1. HAWT
  - a. higher efficiency
2. Lighter material
  - a. allows turbine to rotate easier
  - b. more convenient to transport

## Acknowledgment

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## Reference

- [1] Anderson, John D., and Chris Cadou. *Fundamentals of Aerodynamics*. McGraw Hill LLC, 2024.
- [2] Castillo Tudela, Javier. "Small-Scale Vertical Axis Wind Turbine Design." Pàgina Inicial De UPCommons, Universitat Politècnica De Catalunya, 2 Oct. 2013, <https://upcommons.upc.edu/handle/2099.1/19136>.