

Problem Overview

Problem:

Battery technology is a current limitation of AUVs

- Often requires manual battery swaps
- Limits operation time

Objective:

- Engineer an AUV that can autonomously navigate to a homing station / recharging station
- Implement the wireless recharging technology
- Maintain small scale and make AUV as small as possible

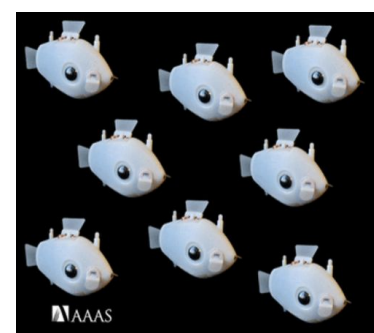
Our Solution:

- Ultra Wide Band signal detection
- Mounting mechanism to recharge

Existing Solutions

Industry AUV

- Harvard's S.O.R.S.G. BlueSwarm Robot
- MIT's Sofi
- CoCo Ro



2022 Winter Design

- Uses a pump to remain neutrally buoyant
- Utilizes a magnetic navigation system
- Electromagnetic homing station



Remorus Design Solution

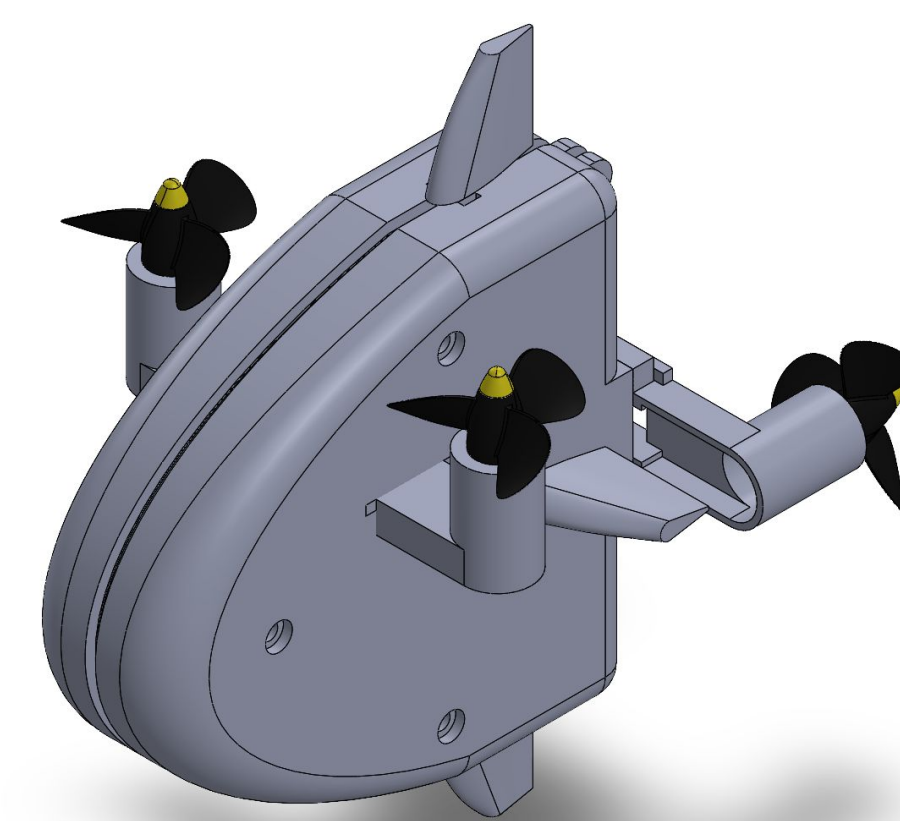
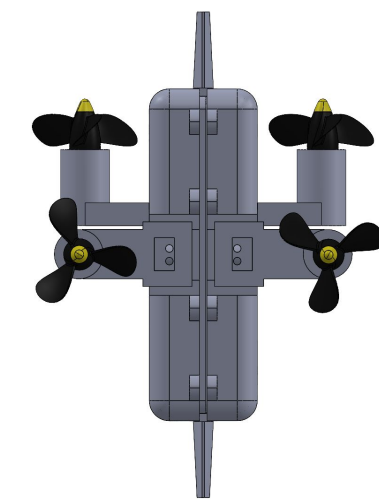
Positive Buoyancy - added 2 z axis motors

UWB - Triangulation

Recharge Technology

Propulsion: DC Motor

Chassis - Waterproof, with silicon, streamline body, fins for balance



Positive Buoyancy

$$F_b = \rho V g$$

$m \uparrow \uparrow F_b$
 0
 $\downarrow m g$

We want $F_b > m g$
by just a bit

$$m a = F_b - m g = \rho V g - m g$$

$$m a + m g = \rho V g \rightarrow m (a + g) = \rho V g$$

desired $a = 0.01 \text{ m/s}^2$
 $\rho_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = 1 \text{ kg/m}^3$ V is in solidworks
 $g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$
 m is our independent variable

$$m = \frac{\rho V g}{a + g}$$

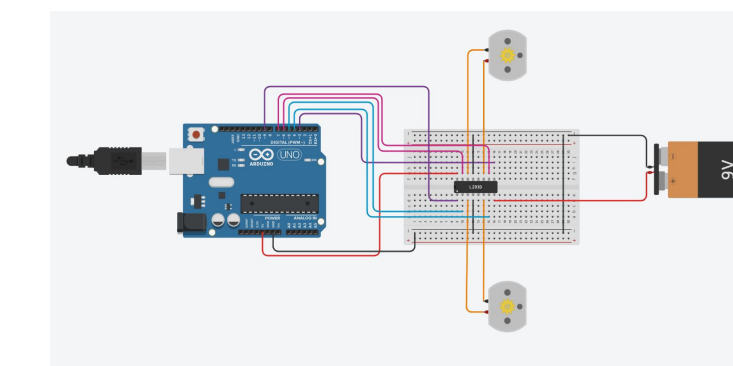
- Made robot positively buoyant to take out the pump in previous design
- Equation is to calculate the mass needed to obtain an acceleration of $.01 \text{ m/s}^2$
- Use two propellers pointing up to control the negative z axis movement

Introduction

Analysis

Motor Testing

- Changed inputs of the motors from low to high to change the direction or rotation
- Uses PWM to change the speed of the motors

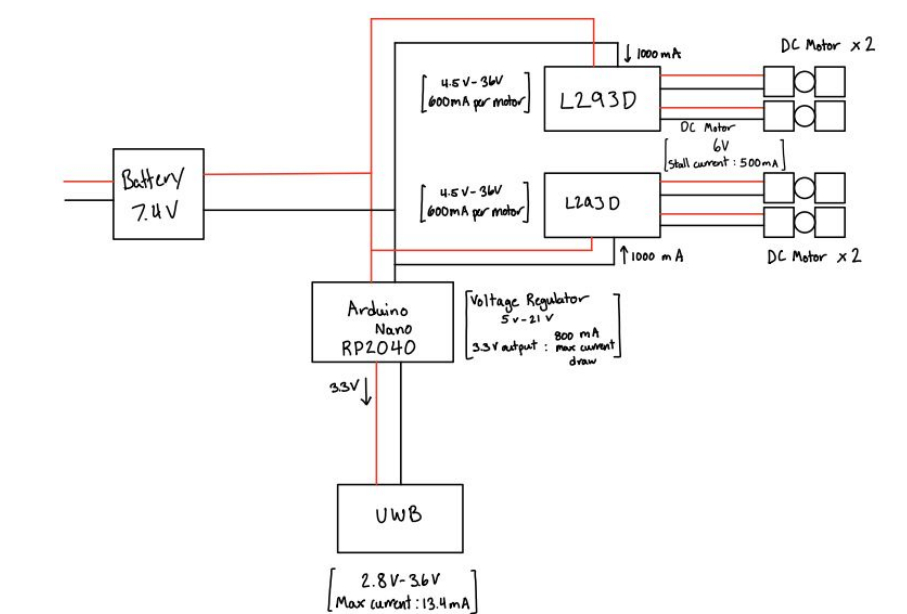


```
digitalWrite(in1, HIGH);
digitalWrite(in2, LOW);
digitalWrite(in3, HIGH);
digitalWrite(in4, LOW);

analogWrite(enA, i);
analogWrite(enB, i);
```

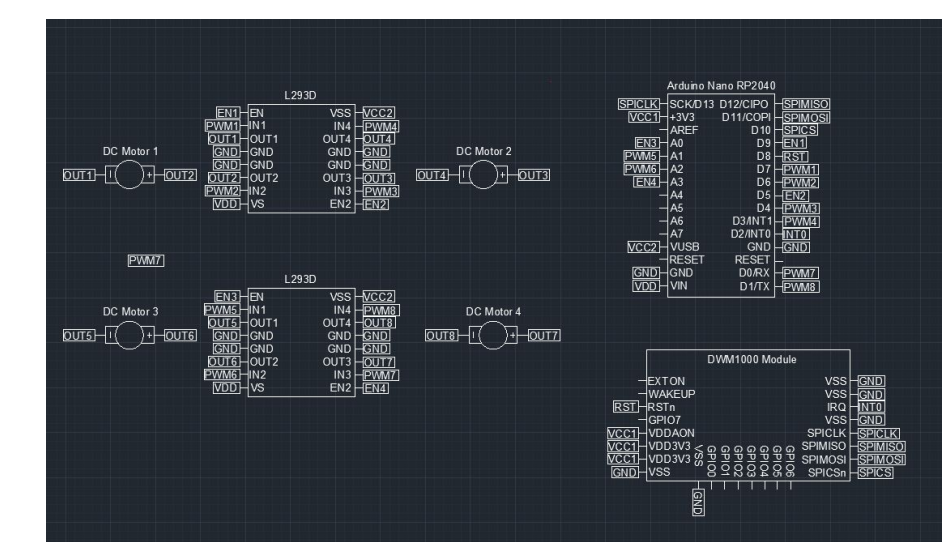
Power Distribution

Distribution of power between all components



Electrical Pinout Diagram

Pin connection between all components



Conclusions

Next Quarter Improvements:

- More anchors for better triangulation
- More robust propulsion system
- Functional wireless charging

Impact on Society

- Help advance the microrobot technology
- Possible use in microrobots for the body and non-intrusive repair

Acknowledgments

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