

Lucas Juttner (ljuttner@uci.edu), Mario Medina (mmedinap@uci.edu), Joshua Miller (jemille2@uci.edu), Leslie Uribe (liuribe@uci.edu) Professor Quoc-Viet Dang

Background

Electric vehicles with two independent motors have the capability to offer better performance results than typical internal combustion vehicles, via electronic control algorithms such as torque vectoring [1,2]. In addition, electric vehicles are gaining in popularity and could potentially gain majority market of car sales in the future.

Project Goals

The goals of our project is to design, develop, and test a functional torque vectoring algorithm to increase the performance of electric vehicles which utilize two, independent rear motors [3,4].

- Develop algorithm on microcontroller with a simple ramp function to confirm increase in performance
- Create a testbed using two brushless motors
- Modify the algorithm to use real time sensors maximizing the performance of the car

Materials Needed

Hardware

- Two motors with variable speed potential
- A microcontroller
- Two potentiometers to simulate acceleration and steering angle
- Sensors to measure wheel speed, acceleration, and g-force (hall-effect sensor, accelerometer, and gyroscope)

Software

• The software flow will consist of obtaining the data from the potentiometers, and using equations to alter the torque signal sent to the motors when the steering angle indicates the vehicle is in a turn

<u> </u>
(
Wheel Speed, Accelerometer, Gyroscope
Motor Controller
Motor Controller
Wheel Speed, Accelerometer, Gyroscope
{
ч. <u></u> .

Figure 1: Relative position of sensors and components on an FSAE electric vehicle



Dynamic Electric Differential On The Henry Samueli School of Engineering University of California - Irvine

Fall 2019 - Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science

Prototype



10/28/2019 -11/4/2019 11/11/2019 -11/18/2019 12/2/2019

> Figure 3: Hardware testbench for verification of basic torque vectoring algorithm

- 2013
- 2012

Milestones

- Working Initial Testbench
- Basic Torque Vectoring Algorithm Implemented Performance of Basic Algorithm Evaluated Advanced Torque Vectoring Algorithm Designed Advanced Torque Vectoring Algorithm Implemented

Current State

References

1. Brown, Lochlan. "Improving Performance Using Torque Vectoring on an Electric All-Wheel-Drive Formula SAE Race Car." The University of Western Australia, May

2. Gatta, Nick. "Formula SAE Electric Drive Control." *The University of Akron*, Nov.

3. Nguyen Huu, P. (2014). Electronic Differentials for High-Performance Electric Racecars. UC Irvine. ProQuest ID: NguyenHuu_uci_0030D_13050. Merritt ID: ark:/13030/m5st9436. Retrieved from https://escholarship.org/uc/item/7997f1xq 4. Tukaram Pawar, Vikas. "Active Torque Vectoring for All Wheel Drive FSAE Electric Car." The University of Texas at Arlington, Aug. 2016